

## Societal

The broad societal factors that help create a climate in which violence is encouraged or inhibited. These factors include social and cultural norms. Other large societal factors include the health, economic, educational and social policies that help to maintain economic or social inequalities between groups in society.

## Community

The **settings**, such as schools, workplaces, and neighborhoods, in which social relationships occur. Prevention strategies - impact the climate, characteristics, processes, and policies in a setting or system. Social norm and social marketing campaigns often used to foster community climates that promote healthy relationships.

## Relationship

A person's closest social circle-peers, partners and family members-influences their behavior and contributes to their range of experience. Prevention strategies include: mentoring and peer programs designed to reduce conflict, foster problem solving skills, and promote healthy relationships

## Individual

Personal factors like attitudes, beliefs, and behaviors. Strategies include: education and life skills training

